

SAFETY DATA SHEET

WEEDMASTER® DUO DUAL SALT TECHNOLOGY HERBICIDE

Infosafe No.: 3NU50 ISSUED Date : 24/01/2023 ISSUED by: NUFARM AUSTRALIA LIMITED.

Section 1 - Identification

Product Identifier

WEEDMASTER® DUO DUAL SALT TECHNOLOGY HERBICIDE

Product Code

0533 NUL0540

Product Type

Group M Herbicide

Company Name

NUFARM AUSTRALIA LIMITED. (ABN 80 004 377 780)

Address

103-105 Pipe Road Laverton North Victoria 3026 AUSTRALIA

Telephone/Fax Number

Tel: +61 3 9282-1000 Fax: +61 3 9282-1001

Emergency Phone Number

1800 033 498 (24hr Australia)

Emergency Contact Name

www.nufarm.com.au

E-mail Address

SDSANZ@nufarm.com

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

For the control of annual, perenial and aquatic weeds in many situations as per the Directions for Use table on the label.

Section 2 - Hazard(s) Identification

GHS classification of the substance/mixture

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

Section 3 - Composition and Information on Ingredients

Ingredients

Name	CAS	Proportion
Glyphosate isopropylamine salt	38641-94-0	-
Glyphosate as ammonium salt	114370-14-8	-
Ingredients determined not to be hazardous		Balance

Information on Composition

Glyphosate present at 360 g/L as the isopropylamine and ammonium salts.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation

If inhaled, remove affected person from contaminated area. Keep at rest until recovered. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Seek medical attention.

Skin

Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. If symptoms develop seek medical attention.

Eve

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Remove contact lenses. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. If symptoms develop and/or persist seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities

Eyewash and normal washroom facilities.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically.

Other Information

Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126) or a doctor at once.

Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use appropriate fire extinguisher for surrounding environment.

Hazards from Combustion Products

Under fire conditions this product may emit toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including oxides of nitrogen or phosphorus.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

This product, or spray solutions of this product, react with galvanised steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel) containers and tanks, to produce hydrogen gas which may form a highly flammable or explosive gas mixture.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode. Fight fire from safe location.

Decomposition Temperature

Not available

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Emergency Procedures

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Increase ventilation. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent material onto spillage. Collect the material and place into a suitable labelled container. Do not dilute material but contain. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling

Always read the label and any attached leaflet before use. Avoid inhalation of vapours and mists, and skin or eye contact. Use only in a well ventilated area. Keep containers sealed when not in use. Do not spray in high winds. Prevent the build up of mists or vapours in the work atmosphere. Maintain high standards of personal hygiene i.e. Washing hands prior to eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. Store in suitable, labelled containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Store away from incompatible materials. Do not store with seed, fertilisers or foodstuffs. Ensure that storage conditions comply with applicable local and national regulations.

Corrosive to mild steel, galvanised steel and zinc.

Do not mix, store or apply the product or spray solutions of the product in galvanised steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel) containers or spray tanks.

Non corrosive to stainless steel, polyethylene and plastics.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Occupational exposure limit values

No exposure standards have been established for the mixture. However, over-exposure to some chemicals may result in enhancement of pre-existing adverse medical conditions and/or allergic reactions and should be kept to the least possible levels.

Biological Monitoring

No biological limits allocated.

Control Banding

Not available

Engineering Controls

Use with good general ventilation. If mists or vapours are produced, local exhaust ventilation should be used.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator with a replaceable vapor/mist filter should be used. Refer to relevant regulations for further information concerning respiratory protective requirements.

Reference should be made to Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715, Selection, Use and Maintenance of Respiratory Protective Devices; and AS/NZS 1716, Respiratory Protective Devices, in order to make any necessary changes for individual circumstances.

Eye and Face Protection

Safety glasses with side shields, chemical goggles or full-face shield as appropriate should be used. Final choice of appropriate eye/face protection will vary according to individual circumstances. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant regulations. Eye protection should conform with Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 (series) - Eye Protectors for Industrial Applications.

Hand Protection

Wear gloves of impervious material such as PVC. Final choice of appropriate gloves will vary according to individual circumstances. i. e. methods of handling or according to risk assessments undertaken. Occupational protective gloves should conform to relevant regulations. Reference should be made to AS/NZS 2161.1: Occupational protective gloves - Selection, use and maintenance.

Thermal Hazards

No further relevant information available.

Body Protection

Suitable protective workwear, e.g. cotton overalls buttoned at neck and wrist is recommended. Chemical resistant apron is recommended where large quantities are handled.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Properties	Description	Properties	Description
Form	Liquid	Appearance	Clear green liquid
Colour	Green	Odour	Faint amine odour
Melting Point	-10°C	Boiling Point	>100°C (water only)
Decomposition Temperature	Not available	Solubility in Water	Soluble
Specific Gravity	1.179	рН	4.5 - 5.0 (7% in water)
Vapour Pressure	Active ingredient is considered non volatile	Relative Vapour Density (Air=1)	Not available
Evaporation Rate	Not available	Odour Threshold	Not available
Viscosity	Not available	Volatile Component	Active ingredient is considered non volatile
Partition Coefficient: n- octanol/water (log value)	Not available	Flash Point	None
Flammability	Non combustible	Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not available
Flammable Limits - Lower	Not available	Flammable Limits - Upper	Not available
Oxidising Properties	Not available	Particle Characteristics	Not available

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

Reacts with incompatible materials.

Chemical Stability

Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Corrosive to mild steel, galvanised steel and zinc.

Avoid contact of the concentrate with strong alkalis and alkaline materials such as lime.

Such contact may release isopropylamine and ammonia vapour with a fish like odour, which can be an irritant to eyes.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid contact of the concentrate with strong alkalis and alkaline materials such as lime.

Incompatible Materials

Corrosive to mild steel, galvanised steel and zinc.

Strong alkalis and alkaline materials such as lime.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes, smoke and gases including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization

Will not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Toxicology Information

Toxicity data for material given below.

Acute Toxicity - Oral

Similar product

LD50 (rat): >5,000 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity - Dermal

Similar product

LD50 (rabbit): >5,000 mg/kg

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation

LC50 (rat): >1.3 mg/l/4h

LC50 concentration not reached.

Ingestion

Ingestion of this product may irritate the gastric tract causing nausea vomiting and gastrointestinal discomfort and diarrhoea. Ingestion of a large quantity of the undiluted product may result in hypotension and pulmonary oedema.

Inhalation

Inhalation of product vapours may cause irritation of the nose, throat and respiratory system.

Skin

May be irritating to skin. The symptoms may include redness, itching and swelling.

Eve

May be irritating to eyes. The symptoms may include redness, itching and tearing.

Respiratory Sensitisation

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin Sensitisation

Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Not considered to be a carcinogenic hazard.

Glyphosate is listed as a Group 2A: Probably carcinogenic to humans according to International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Reproductive Toxicity

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

STOT - Single Exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

STOT - Repeated Exposure

Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ.

Aspiration Hazard

Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.

Other Information

The Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for glyphosate for a human is 0.3 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based on the NOEL of 30 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species. (Ref: Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) December 2022.)

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

The available ecological data is given below.

Persistence and degradability

Average field half life of glyphosate is 15 days.

Adsorption studies indicate that glyphosate has very low mobility.

Mobility

Not available

Bioaccumulative Potential

Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Not available

Environmental Protection

Glyphosate is a non-selective contact herbicide.

Spray drift can cause damage, read the label for more information.

Prevent large amounts from entering waterways, drains and sewers.

This product is permitted for the control of certain weed species in waterways. Carefully read the precautions under 'Aquatic Weed Control' in the 'Directions For Use' table on the label.

Acute Toxicity - Fish

LC50 (rainbow trout): 1080 mg/l/96h for similar product.

Acute Toxicity - Daphnia

EC50 (daphnia):488 mg/l/48h for similar product.

Acute Toxicity - Algae

ErC50 (algae): 393 mg/l/72h for a similar product.

Acute Toxicity - Other Organisms

Birds: Not toxic to birds. LD50 (mallard ducks and bobwhite quail (diet)): >5000 mg/kg

Bees: Not toxic to bees. LD50: >100 μg/bee. LC50 (Litoria ewingii tadpole): >1000 mg/L/96h

Hazardous to the Ozone Layer

This product is not expected to deplete the ozone layer.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal Considerations

The disposal of the spilled or waste material must be done in accordance with applicable local and national regulations. To minimise personal exposure to the chemical, refer to Section 8—Exposure controls and personal protection.

Product Disposal

On site disposal of the concentrated product is not acceptable.

Ideally, the product should be used for its intended purpose. If there is a need to dispose of the product, approach local authorities who hold periodic collections of unwanted chemicals (ChemClear®).

Container Disposal and Methods

Do not use this container for any other purpose.

drumMUSTER is the national program for the collection and recycling of empty, cleaned, non returnable crop production and onfarm animal health chemical containers. If the label on your container carries the drumMuster symbol, triple rinse the container, ring your local Council, and offer the container for collection in the program.

Returnable containers: empty contents fully into application equipment. Replace cap, close all valves and return to the point of supply for refill or storage.

If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site.

If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal at an approved waste management facility.

If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse inner bladder or containers before disposal. Add rinsings to the spray tank.

DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Transport Information

Road and Rail Transport (ADG Code):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code) (7th edition).

Marine Transport (IMO/IMDG):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

ADG U.N. Number

None Allocated

ADG Proper Shipping Name

None Allocated

ADG Transport Hazard Class

None Allocated

Special Precautions for User

Not available

IMDG Marine pollutant

No

Transport in Bulk

Not available

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Regulatory Information

Not classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety Regulations, Australia.

Classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Australia: WHS regulations (2011) - Schedule 11: classification not listed.

Poisons Schedule

S5

Montreal Protocol

Not listed

Stockholm Convention

Not listed

Rotterdam Convention

Not listed

International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

Not listed

Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Act 1994

APVMA product number: 53576.

This product is registered with the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA).

Basel Convention

Not listed

Section 16 - Any Other Relevant Information

Date of Preparation

SDS Reviewed: January 2023

Supersedes: October 2019 and May 2017.

Version Number

3.0

Literature References

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.

Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.

Code of Practice for Supply Diversion into Illicit Drug Manufacture.

National Code of Practice for Chemicals of Security Concern.

Agricultural Compounds and Veterinary Chemicals Act.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monographs.

Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants (POPs).

Rotterdam Convention on the Prior Informed Consent Procedure for Certain Hazardous Chemicals and Pesticides in International Trade.

Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and Their Disposal.

International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants.

Adopted biological exposure determinants, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (7th revised edition).

Code of Practice: Managing Noise and Preventing Hearing Loss at Work.

Contact Person/Point

Normal hours: SDS coordinator: Phone +61 3 9282 1000 After hours: Shift supervisor: Phone 1800 033 498

User Codes

User Title Label	User Codes
Field 4	Υ

END OF SDS

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